Changing the Rules of the Game

REASONING ABOUT DYNAMIC PHENOMENA IN MULTI-AGENT SYSTEMS

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INTRODUCTION

Realistic models of Multi-Agent Systems (MAS) should accommodate change

We propose LAMB, an extension of Alternating-Time Temporal Logic (ATL) to reason about dynamic models

We focus on the problem of verifying and synthesizing modifications of MAS

LAMB - LOGIC FOR ATL MODEL BUILDING

 $|arphi ::= p \mid
eg arphi \mid arphi \wedge arphi \mid \langle\!\langle C
angle\!
angle \mathbf{X} arphi \mid \langle\!\langle C
angle\!
angle arphi \mathbf{U} arphi \mid \langle\!\langle C
angle\!
angle arphi \mathbf{R} arphi \mid lpha \mid @_{lpha} arphi \mid [\pi] arphi$

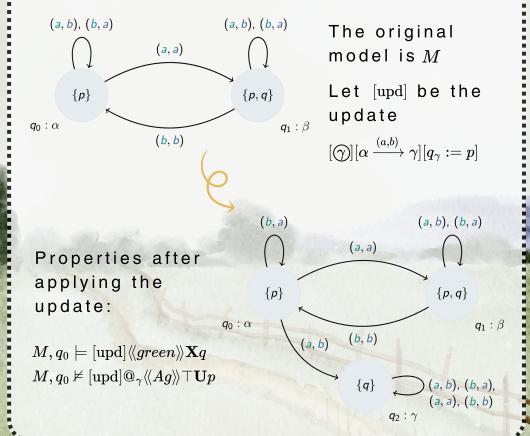
$$\pi ::= (p_lpha := \psi) \mid lpha \stackrel{A}{
ightarrow} lpha \mid \widehat{lpha}$$

where p is a proposition, C is a coalition, α is a **nominal** (state name), A is an action profile

Hybrid ATL (HATL) is the fragment without $[\pi] arphi$

- $[\pi]arphi$ "after the update π , arphi holds"
- $p_{lpha} := \psi$ " p in lpha gets the truth value of ψ "
- $\alpha \xrightarrow{A} \beta$ "the A-labeled arrow that starts in α is redirected to β "
- (α) "add a new state and name it α "
- α "the current state is α "
- $@_{lpha}arphi$ "at the state lpha , arphi holds"

EXAMPLE



MAIN RESULTS

- Expressivity:
 - \circ ATL < HATL < LAMB
 - \circ Allowing for only updates in the form $p_{lpha} := \psi$ leads to the same expressivity as HATL
- Model checking complexity for LAMB:
 - PTime-complete
- Complexity of deciding the existence of a bounded sequence of updates that repairs a model w.r.t a LAMB specification:
 - NP-complete

CONCLUSION

LAMB is a logic for reasoning about dynamic phenomena that combines ATL with hybrid and model-update operators, which were inspired by Dynamic Epistemic Logic

Future work: satisfiability of LAMB, synthesis of updates, ...

